

San Juan Basin Depletions - Modified Blaney-Criddle w/SGS Effective Rainfall (new program)

Comp. Framework Study acres

Area	Acres (ac)	Average CIR (in)	Average Crop CU (af)	Average Incidental Depletions (af)	Average Total Depletions (af)	Average Shortages (%)	Average Shortages (af)	Average Shortages (af)	Average Shorted Depletions (af)
Pine River	600	2.02	1215	234	1448	0	0	0	1448
Dulce-Jicarilla	300	1.26	378	68	447	50	0	0	447
Animas River	15000	2.18	32667	6358	39025	0	0	0	39025
Above Archuleta	27	2.53	68	13	81	0	0	0	81
Citizens Ditch	3233	2.43	7862	1644	9507	0	0	0	9507
Archuleta Ditch	40	2.53	101	19	120	0	0	0	120
Turley	200	2.4	480	89	569	0	0	0	569
Hammond	3900	2.52	9821	2314	12135	0	0	0	12135
Echo Ditch	500	2.33	1163	235	1398	0	0	0	1398
Upper La Plata	200	2.25	449	100	549	50	50	247	302
La Plata	4300	2.2	9481	1800	11281	50	50	5076	6205
Chaco River (Indian)	3300	2.24	7406	1347	8754	50	50	4377	4377
Chaco River (non-Indian)	900	1.91	1716	309	2025	50	50	1013	1013
Farmington Glade	100	2.3	230	45	275	0	0	0	275
Farmers Mutual Ditch	3800	2.5	9500	1749	11249	0	0	0	11249
Jewett Valley	1200	2.6	3125	588	3713	0	0	0	3713
Fruitland	3235	2.36	7637	1378	9015	0	0	0	9015
Hogback East	2000	2.44	4872	878	5750	0	0	0	5750
Cambridge	100	2.36	236	42	278	0	0	0	278
Hogback West	6430	2.46	15813	2848	18660	0	0	0	18660
Cudde	400	2.47	988	178	1167	0	0	0	1167
Crystal (Whiskey Ct.)	300	2.15	644	116	760	50	50	380	380
Total Basin	50085	2.31	115853	22352	138206			11093	127113

Notes: No alfalfa yield function, 1929-2003 weather data, 2003-2005 (avg) crop mix, baseline acres, 2000, 2003-2005 avg irrigation method distribution, incidental depletion = 18% flood, 24% sprinkler, 5% drip, water right acres HBFFP

Use 1.9 =
1533 ac. in WR
ac. x 1.2600
Exec. Shortage
for operational
tribes & follow
→ effects
little acreage
left on PINE R
of water to
sprinkler & new
irrigation on
use 5.9 PMA
USA

↓
Pine R
Units 544
depletion
by irrigation
to 1,731 ac
Most Pine R
acres flow
by pump
Pine R, W.
might be
Hogback

Ron Blinn - 2/6/90 sprinkler evap loss
based on his experiences elsewhere (ie-NMIP)
* 1962 BR feasibility report, App. B, on the ALP uses 54.6% shortage for La Plata R. irrigation in NM

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Area	Acres (ac)	Average CIR (in)	Average Crop CU (af)	Average Incidental Depletions (af)	Average Total Depletions (af)	Average Shortages (%)	Average Shortages (af)	Average Shorted Depletions (af)	
Combined Areas									
Above Navajo Dam	900	1.77	1593	302	1895	0	0	1895	1.9
Upper San Juan	3500	2.43	8511	1765	10277	0	0	10277	10.3
Includes Above Archuleta Citizens Ditch Archuleta Ditch Turley									
Hammond	3900	2.52	9821	2314	12135	0	0	12135	12.1
Animas River includes Echo Ditch Farmington Glade	15600	2.18	34060	6638	40698	0	0	40698	40.7
La Plata River	4500	2.21	9930	1900	11830	50 af	5324	6507	5.9
Farmers Mutual Ditch	3800	2.50	9500	1749	11249	0	0	11249	11.2
Jewett Valley Ditch	1200	2.60	3125	588	3713	0	0	3713	3.7
Fruitland-Cambridge	3335	2.36	7873	1420	9293	0	0	9293	WR = 8.0
Hogback-Cudiel	8830	2.45	21674	3904	25577	0	0	25577	WR = 21.3
Chaco River	4200	2.17	9122	1656	10778	50	5390	5390	3.1
Crystal	300	2.15	644	116	760	50	380	380	0.7
Total Basin	50065	2.31	115853	22352	138206		11093	127113	WR = 16.9

Notes: No alfalfa yield function, 1929-2003 weather data, 2000, 2003-2005 (avg) crop mix, baseline acres, 2000, 2003-2005 avg irrigation method distribution, incidental depletion = 18% flood, 24% sprinkler, 5% drip, water right acres HB/FP

Stock 4.3
 1/3 x 1.7
 2/3 x 1.0
 4.0

not sent

DRAFT
Memorandum
March 28, 2006

To: Scott Balcomb, Larry Anderson, Pat Tyrrell
From: John D'Antonio
Subject: Impacts on Lee Ferry Flows of Uses on Ephemeral Tributaries in the Upper Basin

Under New Mexico's Proposed Hydrologic Determination, water use on the ephemeral tributaries within the San Juan River drainage is to be included in determining Upper Basin consumptive use, but only to the extent that such use affects the flow of the San Juan River. Article III(d) of the Colorado River Compact requires that the Upper Basin not deplete the flow at Lee Ferry below 75 maf in any period of ten consecutive years. Thus, the depletion in the Upper Basin must be measured at the point of delivery (that is, Lee Ferry). Second, Article III(a) of the Upper Colorado River Basin Compact apportions the flow available to the Upper Basin at Lee Ferry, and Article VI of this compact provides for the use of the inflow-outflow method to account historic consumptive uses in the Upper Basin. Article VI of the Upper Colorado River Basin Compact states:

"The [Upper Colorado River] commission shall determine the quantity of the consumptive use of water, which use is apportioned by Article III hereof, for the upper basin and for each state of the upper basin by the inflow-outflow method in terms of man-made depletions of the virgin flow at Lee Ferry, unless the commission, by unanimous action, shall adopt a different method of determination."

The inflow-outflow method would account for the net of all impacts on stream flow of man's activities, including salvage of river channel losses, by measuring the net effect of depletions at the downstream point (that is, the delivery point at Lee Ferry). The Upper Colorado River Commission by unanimous consent may adopt a method other than the inflow-outflow method, but has not done so.¹ Third, the yield studies of the 1988 Hydrologic Determination and the current hydrologic determination update determine the yield available for development in the Upper Basin as measured at Lee Ferry. Thus, depletions that are compared against the yield should reflect the depletions of natural flow at Lee Ferry after salvage, not the depletions at the sites of use.

Salvage of channel losses in the mainstream Upper Colorado, Green and San Juan rivers by use was identified for each state by the 1948 Engineering Advisory Committee report to the Upper Colorado River Basin Compact Commission. Later, Tipton and Kalmbach in

¹ Agreement on the Proposed Hydrologic Determination, including the proposed methodology for determining irrigation consumptive uses and the consideration of impacts of ephemeral tributary uses and ground water uses on mainstream river flows, could provide a mechanism for the Upper Colorado River Commission to account consumptive uses in the Upper Basin.

1965 prepared a report for the Upper Colorado River Commission on water supplies available for use by the Upper Division States that included the Department of the Interior's July 1965 projections of depletions at Lee Ferry that were reduced for salvage of mainstream channel losses. In support of the 1968 Colorado River Basin Projects Act, the Secretary of the Interior and the Bureau of Reclamation provided Congress tabulations of Upper Basin depletions used as the basis for forecasting the water supply available at Lee Ferry for the Lower Basin generally and the Central Arizona Project in particular, which tabulations included reductions in Upper Basin on-site depletions for salvage by use estimated at 4 percent of on-site depletions.² In the preparation of the Long-Range Operating Criteria pursuant to the Colorado River Basin Projects Act, including in development of the 602(a) storage algorithm, Reclamation in 1969 included salvage by uses in the Upper Basin to project the flow at Lee Ferry, with salvage amounting to about 4 percent of on-site depletions for the Upper Basin in the aggregate and about 3.5 percent of on-site depletions in New Mexico.³

During the Bureau of Reclamation's preparation of Colorado River System Consumptive Uses and Losses (CU&L) reports for the periods 1971-1975 and 1976-1980, the Upper Colorado River Commission notified Reclamation that: (1) the reports should account for salvage of channel losses by uses in the Upper Basin; (2) consumptive uses in the Upper Basin for compact purposes must be determined in terms of man-made depletions of the virgin flow at Lee Ferry; and (3) future reports need to address salvage by use as a compact consideration that becomes more important as the use of water in the Upper Basin approaches the limit of apportionment. Reclamation agreed that the value of the CU&L reports would be enhanced by inclusion of channel loss salvage, but did not have a procedure in place for estimating it. Despite stated intentions by Reclamation and the Commission to develop an acceptable procedure for estimating salvage for future CU&L reports, no such procedure has been developed.⁴ The CU&L reports do, however, incorporate in the computation of reservoir evaporation from Colorado River Storage Project units the salvage of river channel losses within the reservoir basins that results from inundation due to filling of the reservoirs, thus reflecting the net impact of storage on natural flows.

Due to disagreement resulting from technical uncertainties in channel loss computations, salvage by use was not included in schedules of Upper Basin depletions for the Upper Division States prepared for the 1988 Hydrologic Determination. Regardless, the Upper

² See hearing testimony on H.R. 4671 and similar bills, Lower Colorado River Basin Project, August-September 1965.

³ See Meeting of Federal and State Representatives for Review of Basic Data Pertinent to the Preparation of Operating Criteria for the Colorado River Pursuant to Section 602 of Public Law 90-537, July 1969.

⁴ See: Ival Goslin's January 28, 1977, letter to Commissioner Gilbert Stamm; Commissioner Keith Higginson's April 11, 1977, letter to Ival Goslin; Paul Billhymer's December 7, 1981, letter to Clifford Barrett; Clifford Barrett's February 2, 1982, letter to Paul Billhymer; Paul Billhymer's May 23, 1983, letter to Clifford Barrett; John Buyok's May 31, 1983, letter to Clifford Barrett; Philip Mutz' June 6, 1983, letter to Clifford Barrett.

Colorado River Commission by resolution of June 2, 1987, stated that it did not endorse the projections of Upper Basin depletions, study assumptions or analytical methodologies used in the 1988 Hydrologic Determination. The depletions schedules adopted for planning purposes by the Commission in 1994 and 1999 include a statement that the schedules do not attempt to interpret the compacts or any other element of the "Law of the River," and should not be construed as an acceptance of any assumption that limits the Upper Basin's depletions.

Because of technical uncertainties and disagreements in channel loss computations on mainstream rivers, New Mexico at this time is not proposing to include salvage of river channel losses on the Upper Colorado, Green or San Juan rivers. New Mexico proposes only that the Upper Colorado River Commission agree in principle that small amounts of use of ephemeral tributary waters and ground waters in the San Juan River drainage be accounted just to the extent that they impact the flows of the San Juan River. Such accounting would be consistent with Article VI of the Upper Colorado River Basin Compact, with the allocations of water available for use by the Upper Division States made at Lee Ferry under the yield studies, and with the accounting of incidental channel losses on ephemeral tributaries resulting from return flows from the Navajo Indian Irrigation Project and Four Corners Power Plant.⁵ On the other hand, if the full amount of on-site uses in the ephemeral tributary drainages are accounted regardless of impact on Lee Ferry flows, then New Mexico should not be charged with channel losses on the same ephemeral tributaries resulting from return flows from water development (that is, only the on-site consumptive use should be accounted, regardless of whether returns reach the San Juan River undiminished by losses). The latter approach appears contradictory to accounting impacts of water development on the natural flow at Lee Ferry.

Under New Mexico's proposal, New Mexico would include in its schedule of anticipated depletions what it believes are reasonable estimates of the net impacts on San Juan River flows resulting from uses in ephemeral tributary drainages in New Mexico. But, the Upper Colorado River Commission would not be agreeing to the specific quantification of these impacts at this time.⁶

⁵ Four Corners Power Plant discharges from Morgan Lake made steadily over weeks at a time travel about 3 miles in an arroyo to its confluence with the Chaco River and an additional 14 miles in the Chaco River before reaching the San Juan River, and historically constituted the base flow of the Chaco River in that reach. Analysis of discharge data for Morgan Lake and flow data for the Chaco River near Waterflow gaging station, and river channel evaporation estimates, indicate that about 30 percent of the discharges are lost in transit prior to reaching the San Juan River. Return flows from the Navajo Indian Irrigation Project enter several arroyos outside the Chaco River drainage, and also will enter arroyos within the drainage when the project is fully developed.

⁶ The Commission also at this time is not agreeing to the specific quantities of anticipated future depletions for other uses in New Mexico that New Mexico has estimated and included in its depletions schedule.

Project or Supply	Channel miles to SJ River or no surface connection (NC)	ISC delineated small project and misc. acres ^a	USDA original project acres ^b	1994 Irrigated Acres	2000 Irrigated Acres	Estimated 2000 Total irrigated acres	2003 Irrigated Acres
Chaco River							
Captain Tom Wash	52	1503 ^e	3700	265	198	301	225
Sanostee	51	813	1000			81	50
Toh Al Sissy	36	245	300			24	1
Tocito	48	162	250			16	6
Stinking Water	45	26	50			3	0
Whiskey Lake	NC	179				36	10
Grey Mesa	NC	487	500	120	109	49	132
Toadlena	NC	202	300			20	2
Choiska	NC	565	500			113	0
Misc. Surface	NC	1564				0	26
Misc. Ground	NC	1256				0	5
Total Chaco		7004	6600			643	456
Chinle Wash							
Crystal	177	411	480			41	0
Misc. Surface	NC	416				42	0
Total Chinle		827	480			83	0
a Parcels delineated from USGS DOQQs							
b Inventory of Navajo Indian Irrigation Projects, August 1986, USDA Soil Conservation Service							
c Irrigated acres with storage assumed 20% of small project and misc. acres							
d Irrigated acres with no storage assumed 10% of small project and misc. acres							
e Includes drainage above and below Captain Tom Reservoir							

282 = 62%

175

2005

Animas La Plata San Juan

Current Seep/brush Acres
Total

	1,277	249	1,685
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1938 HS breakdown:

	wt'd. CR=2.49	wt'd. CR=1.80	2.49
Seeped (56%)	Dep=3,180 AF	Dep=448 AF	Dep=4,196 AF
Swamp (40%)			
Brush (4%)			
		$\Sigma = 7,824$ AF	

1948 EAC breakdown:

	wt'd. CR=2.44	wt'd. CR=1.67	2.44
Seeped (20%, 48%)	Dep=3,116 AF	Dep=416 AF	Dep=4,111 AF
Swamp (13%, 9%)			
Brush (66%, 39%)			
Ponds (1%, 4%)			
(A&SJ, LP)		$\Sigma = 7,643$ AF	

CUR's → A&SJ: Seep 2.14 LP: 1.52
 (1948 EAC region) Swamp 2.98 2.19
 Trees/brush 2.42 1.74
 ponds 2.28 1.63
 (271-73% of A&SJ dverts
 30% avg. shortage)

- Use 7,700 AF for incidental vegetative non-crop losses

Canal water surface acres - 692 Ac SJ&A
 x 2.28 AF/Ac → 1,578 AF evap.

- 12 A LP
 x 1.63 AF/Ac → 20 AF evap

- Use 1,600 AF for incidental pond evap losses → 1,598 AF total
 OSE-0623

Total non-crop & canal loss = 9,300 AF
(SJ, A, LP).

9,500 AF if LP not
shorted

(excludes on-farm losses which
OSE estimates at 5% of CIR)

Current acres crop CU \approx 46,500 AF

Inc. depletions (exc. on-farm losses)
 \approx 20% today's conditions

If acreage irrigated increases, Incid.
depletions will increase in Hogback area
but not so much in non-Indian areas
(all wasteways currently in use in non-
Indian areas)

Considering baseline/deplet. sched. acreage
conditions & also on-farm losses,
incidental depletions of 20% total of
crop CU for flood irrig. not
unreasonable.

(lower % if crop CU based on MBC)

TABLE 2. 2003 CROP ACREAGE DATA FOR THE SAN JUAN RIVER BASIN IN NEW MEXICO BY AREA

HYDROLOGIC UNIT	IRRIGATION AREA	ITEM	ALFALFA			CORN/ SORGHUM			CROP CATEGORY			SMALL GRAINS	PASTURE	ORCHARD	SOD	TOTAL ACREAGE IRRIGATED	ACREAGE NOT IRRIGATED	TOTAL ACREAGE	SEEPED/BRUSH ACRES	DITCH WATER SURFACE ACRES	% OF TOTAL IRRIGATED ACRES	% OF TOTAL ACRES		
			ACRES	%	ACRES	%	ACRES	%	VEGET.	MISC.	VEGET.												MISC.	
ARCHULETA DITCH, CITIZENS DITCH AND TURLEY DITCH, HAMMOND FARMERS MUTUAL DITCH	TURLEY VALLEY AND WESTWATER COMBINED	TOTAL ACRES	5,316	81	297	61	2,833	120	331	9,039	696	9,735												
		% DISTRIB.	59	1	3	1	31	4																
		Flood-irrigated	2,461	53	82	26	1,736	82	29	4,468														
		Sprinkler-irrigated	2,856	28	210	34	1,097	38	302	4,565														
		Drip-irrigated	0	0	5	1	0	0	5															
TOPIA AND PLATA RIVERS (UPPER LA PLATA AND LA PLATA RIVER COMBINED)	FRUITLAND, CAMBRIDGE AND HOOBACK-EAST COMBINED	TOTAL ACRES	2,084	6	109	112	2,733	65	502	5,610	584	6,195	1,277	217	24%	27%								
		% DISTRIB.	37	0	2	2	49	1	9															
		Flood-irrigated	1,501	6	78	101	2,204	65	11	3,967														
		Sprinkler-irrigated	583	0	31	7	529	0	491	1,641														
		Drip-irrigated	0	0	0	3	0	0	3															
TOPIA AND PLATA RIVERS (UPPER LA PLATA AND LA PLATA RIVER COMBINED)	FRUITLAND, CAMBRIDGE AND HOOBACK-EAST COMBINED	TOTAL ACRES	1,231	0	0	0	576	24	3	1,835	1,127	2,962	249	12	9%	14%								
		% DISTRIB.	67	0	0	0	31	1	0															
		Flood-irrigated	983	0	0	0	474	16	3	1,476														
		Sprinkler-irrigated	249	0	0	0	102	8	0	359														
		Drip-irrigated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0															
TOPIA AND PLATA RIVERS (UPPER LA PLATA AND LA PLATA RIVER COMBINED)	FRUITLAND, CAMBRIDGE AND HOOBACK-EAST COMBINED	TOTAL ACRES	1,924	630	64	8	309	37	8	2,979	1,269	4,247												
		% DISTRIB.	65	21	2	0	10	1	0															
		Flood-irrigated	1,897	630	64	8	309	37	5	2,950														
		Sprinkler-irrigated	26	0	0	0	0	0	3	29														
		Drip-irrigated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0															
TOPIA AND PLATA RIVERS (UPPER LA PLATA AND LA PLATA RIVER COMBINED)	FRUITLAND, CAMBRIDGE AND HOOBACK-EAST COMBINED	TOTAL ACRES	1,293	534	39	11	318	0	11	2,206	751	2,957												
		% DISTRIB.	59	24	2	1	14	0	0															
		Flood-irrigated	1,290	534	39	11	312	0	3	2,189														
		Sprinkler-irrigated	3	0	0	0	6	0	8	17														
		Drip-irrigated	0	0	0	0	0	0	0															
TOPIA AND PLATA RIVERS (UPPER LA PLATA AND LA PLATA RIVER COMBINED)	FRUITLAND, CAMBRIDGE AND HOOBACK-EAST COMBINED	TOTAL ACRES	14,223	2,715	16,939	475	13%	15%	18%															
		% DISTRIB.	21,668	4,427	26,095	3,211	704	15%	18%															
		Flood-irrigated																						
		Sprinkler-irrigated																						
		Drip-irrigated																						

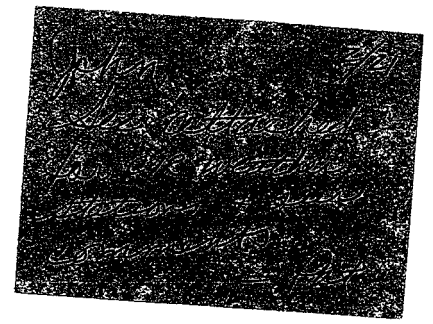
Ditch	HWM width	Existing	Ditch Length	Ditch Area	Reach
	feet	flume width feet	miles	acres	
Wright-Leggett	2		3.7	0.9	AN
Willett	26		0.9	2.8	AN
Sargent	10		2.7	3.3	AN
Twin Rocks	10		2.8	3.4	AN
Ranchmans Terrell	10.5		3	3.8	AN
Cedar	10		3.9	4.7	AN
Kello-Blancett	10		5.2	6.3	AN
Ralston	10.2		6.9	8.5	AN
Stacey	12		6	8.7	AN
Farmington Allen*	25		3.1	9.4	AN
North Farmington	13		6	9.5	AN
Eledge	17		8	16.5	AN
Graves-Atterberry (Old Inca)	14		10	17.0	AN
Echo	25		6.5	19.7	AN
Farmers	13		15	23.6	AN
Lower Animas	15		16.6	30.2	AN
Halford Independent	14		19.8	33.6	AN
Star*	12		3		AN
Aztec		8.75	13.8	14.6	LP AN
TOTAL ANIMAS				216.6	
Pioneer		1	1.3	0.2	LP
Enterprise		2	1.1	0.3	LP
Left Hand		1.5	1.6	0.3	LP
Larkin-Reynolds		2	1.6	0.4	LP
Pickering	2.9		1.9	0.7	LP
McDermott		2	3.1	0.8	LP
Greenhorn		1.5	4.3	0.8	LP
La Plata Indian		3	2.3	0.8	LP
Jackson		1.5	6.4	1.2	LP
Helton		2	5	1.2	LP
Cunningham		3	3.6	1.3	LP
Hillside		3	5	1.8	LP
Highland Park		3	5.8	2.1	LP
Crame*	2		0.4		LP
TOTAL LA PLATA				11.8	
Martin Valencia*	10		1.9	2.3	SJ
Archuleta	11.2		2.3	3.1	SJ
Turley	13		2.3	3.6	SJ
Jewett Valley	16.4		7.4	14.7	SJ
Farmers Mutual	23		35.3	98.4	SJ
Citizens (Bloomfield Porter, Jacquez, La Pampa, Citizens)	23		42.1	117.4	SJ
Lawson*	3		0.3		SJ
Fruitland Canal*	20		21	50.9	SJ
Hogback Canal*	20		34.6	83.9	SJ
Cudei Ditch*	10		4.6	5.6	SJ
Hammond	20		39.2	95.0	SJ
TOTAL SAN JUAN				474.9	
TOTAL ALL DITCHES				703.2	
*Assumed ditch width					
1938 hydrosurvey seeped acres					
Seeped (Probably cultivated at one time, but involuntarily abandoned)				1550.9	
Swamp, or badly seeped (Probably cultivated at one time, but involuntarily abandoned)				8.7	
Swamp, or badly seeped (Probably never cultivated)				1129.5	
Trees or brush - seeped (Probably cultivated at one time, but involuntarily abandoned)				29.1	
Trees or brush - swamp				81.7	
Vega or Pasture - Seeped (Probably cultivated at one time, but involuntarily abandoned)				53.5	
Total				2853.4	

f = Seeped Lands
 s = Short water
 a = Natural water
 b = Domestic use
 c = Reservoir evaporation losses
 d = Transmountain diversions
 e = Trees and brush

AVERAGE YEARLY STREAM DEF. AT SITES OF USE
 PERIOD 1914-45

Location	Alfalfa		Grass, Hay & Pasture		Grain and Beans		Corn and Other Annuals		Orchard		Incidental Areas		Other b, c, & d	Total Acres-Feet
	Acres	Rate Feet Acres-Feet	Acres	Rate Feet Acres-Feet	Acres	Rate Feet Acres-Feet	Acres	Rate Feet Acres-Feet	Acres	Rate Feet Acres-Feet	Acres	Rate Feet Acres-Feet		
24. Montanum and RioGato below Cortes	F 4390	1.87	640	1.33	2470	.97	2396		160	.97	1000	1.71	2700	14610
25. Upper San Juan	F 2000	.92	7862	.73	5374	.77	6805	421	324	.69	500	.83	735	13957
26. Los Pinos (Pine) River	F 19014	1.29	2984	1.06	8838	.77	1979	322	453	.69	5000	1.33	660	41766
27. Animas River	F 4461	1.24	5532	1.01	3014	.73	2959	200	170	.66	1000	1.32	3420	15369
28. Florida River	S 5500	.82	4310	.65	2860	.73	8397	200	30	.77	3000	1.32	160	14688
29. LaPlata River	S 8279	.95	7699	.77	1851	.82	3201	100	100	.97	1600	1.36	100	20361
30. Mancos River	S 4790	1.00	4790	.81	1763	.97	3333	45371	29650		1000	1.76	62713	11701
Total Colorado	309522	396180	21694	179686	179627	179393	33333	45371	29650	33748	106822	178622	62713	1062753
1. Navajo River	S 216	1.09	235	.86	36	.66	21				45	1.44		371
2. Los Pinos (Pine River)	F 397	1.29	512	1.06	304	.78	237	100	6	.66	150	1.33		1208
3. LaPlata River	S 2198	.98	2154	.78	1392	.88	1225	767	85	1.36	2	2.07	1000	6179
4. Animas and San Juan Rivers	F 8229	2.25	10915	1.93	5048	1.12	9654	8654	12375	1.43	280	1.74		59490
5. Chaco	S 1641	.98	1608	.78	2870	.88	441	9421	13511		355	1.92		4919
Total New Mexico	12661	23021	6889	8908	7277	7878	9421	9421	2632	3753	6422	11093	1000	72167
1. Henrys Fork	S 5650	1.16	6554	.94	1457	.94	1645				800	1.02		11338
2. Ashley Valley and Brush Creek	F 12290	1.56	19110	1.34	9260	1.09	10093				490	1.18		
3. Oury	S 3760	1.26	4108	1.02	357	1.10	4224				250	1.34		
4. Unita Basin Beach Lands	S 15730	1.61	25325	1.31	68028	.97	7772	1665	1965	1.18	3190	1.30	2000	45999
5. Unita Basin Valley Lands	S 22165	1.82	40340	1.50	38700	1.10	8327	2430	3353	1.38	620	1.30	79000	10099
6. Price River	F 6590	1.81	11855	1.54	2402	1.06	6166	1590	2099	1.17	8900	1.68		20203
7. Green River	F 1260	2.40	3024	2.08	603	1.22	2149	1070	1723	1.64	190	1.78		
8. Momb	S 620	2.07	1283	1.70	1305	1.09	589	300	444	1.69	900	1.71		
9. LaSal	S 1620	1.08	1750	.86	2750	.92	2530				580	1.22		5910

f = Seeped Lands
 s = Short water
 a = Natural water
 b = Domestic use
 c = Reservoir evaporation losses
 d = Transmountain diversions
 e = Trees and brush



DRAFT

**Documentation
Natural Flow Development
San Juan River Basin**

**DEPARTMENT OF THE INTERIOR
BUREAU OF RECLAMATION**

**Western Colorado Area Office
Southern Division**

October 30, 2000

Weather Stations

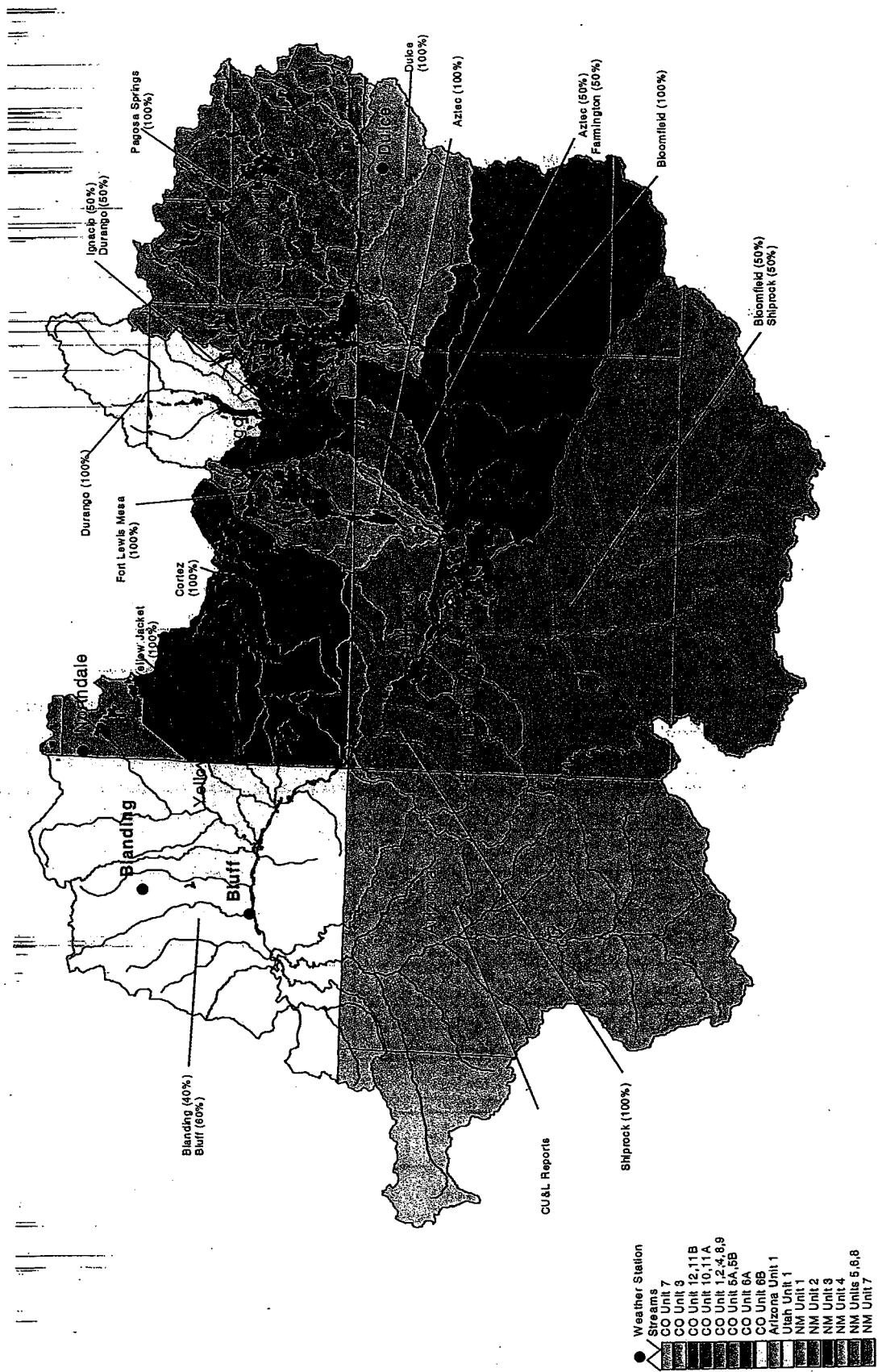


Figure 2.6. Temperature and precipitation data from these NOAA weather stations were used in calculation of crop consumptive use. Colored areas represent each weather stations area of influence and weighting factor.

Page 3-9, first paragraph, first sentence. Factors such as station elevation should be considered, as well as location, in determining which meteorologic data should be used for estimating crop consumptive use in an irrigated area. Comparing this sentence to the information given in table 3.3, it does not appear that averaging data for the Aztec and Farmington weather stations would be appropriate for the entire Animas River Valley, or that averaging the Bloomfield and Shiprock weather station data would be appropriate for irrigated areas in the Chaco River drainage far south of the San Juan River. It also is not clear why the Fruitland weather station data were not used for irrigated lands near Fruitland.

Page 3-9, second paragraph, second through fourth sentences. It is not clear why correlations between weather stations of daily minimum and maximum temperatures were not prepared for use in filling in days of missing temperature data.

Page 3-9, third paragraph, second to last sentence. It is not clear why a constant average freeze date was used for each year to calculate historic irrigation depletions rather than using the actual freeze date which occurred each year. An important feature of the RiverWare model in its potential use in evaluating operations of water projects as against the flow recommendations is hydrologic variability.

Page 3-10, table 3.3. If the Theissen Polygon method was used to determine which stations would represent irrigated lands within a unit, it is not clear how the weather station at Farmington could be selected for use in determining crop water demands in the Animas River Valley above Farmington but not used to calculate crop consumptive use in areas along the San Juan River such as near Fruitland, for which table 3.3 indicates weather stations at Shiprock and Bloomfield were used. Nor is it clear why the weather station at Fruitland is not used. Also, New Mexico does not agree with the terminology for "developed acres" as will be explained below in comments on the appendices to the draft report. Further, New Mexico does not agree that 10% is the proper percentage for estimating incidental depletions in all irrigated areas in the San Juan River Basin in New Mexico.

Page 3-11, first complete paragraph. The draft report does not make clear whether the determination of cut-off date or last

DRAFT - Chaco River Area Split

Area	Acres (ac)	Average CIR (in)	Crop CU (af)	Incidental Depletions (af)	Total Depletions (af)	Shortages (%)	Shortages (af)	Shorted Depletions (af)	Notes
Pine River	600	1.99	1191	226	1417	0	0	1417	
Dulce-Jicarilla	300	1.21	363	65	428	0	0	428	
Animas River	15000	2.17	32527	6506	39033	0	0	39033	
Above Archuleta	27	2.48	67	12	79	0	0	79	
Citizens Ditch	3233	2.19	7079	1512	8591	0	0	8591	
Archuleta Ditch	40	2.48	99	25	124	0	0	124	
Turley	200	2.41	482	90	572	0	0	572	
Hammond	3900	2.5	9751	2402	12153	0	0	12153	
Echo Ditch	500	2.34	1169	245	1414	0	0	1414	
Upper La Plata	200	2.28	456	104	560	45	252	308	
La Plata	4300	2.23	9607	1827	11433	45	5145	6288	100%
Chaco River (from La Plata)	3390	2.20	7253	1321	8574	50	4287	4287	100%
Chaco River (from Upper La Plata)	200	2.09	465	860	1026	59	5493	4467	100%
Chaco River (from Archuleta)	920	1.90	1706	307	2013	50	1067	1007	100%
Farmington Grade	100	2.46	246	50	296	0	0	296	100%
Farmers Mutual Ditch	3800	2.45	9324	1719	11043	0	0	11043	
Jewett Valley	1200	2.56	3072	584	3655	0	0	3655	
Fruitland	3235	2.32	7505	1351	8856	0	0	8856	
Hogback East	2000	2.41	4814	868	5683	0	0	5683	
Cambridge	100	2.3	230	41	271	0	0	271	
Hogback West	6430	2.42	15552	2797	18349	0	0	18349	
Cudde	400	2.49	987	179	1176	0	0	1176	
Upper (Vishney Cr.)	390	2.89	778	140	918	56	459	459	100%
Upper (Tahleah)	300	2.33	671	126	797	0	412	412	100%
Total Basin	50065	2.28	144084	22357	136544		11103	125441	

5% impeded
100%

Notes: No alfalfa yield function, 1929-2003 weather data, 2003-2004 (avg) crop mix, baseline acres, 2004 irrigation method distribution, incidental depletion = 18% flood, 25% sprinkler, 5% drip

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San Juan Basin Depletions - Modified Blaney-Criddle SCS Effective Rainfall									
Area	Acres (ac)	Average C/R (in)	Crop CU (af)	Incidental Depletions (af)	Total Depletions (af)	Shortages (%)	Shortages (af)	Shorted Depletions (af)	
Combined Areas									
Above Navajo Dam	900	1.73	1554	292	1845	0	0	1845	
Upper San Juan	3500	2.21	7727	1639	9366	0	0	9366	
Includes									
Above Archuleta									
Citizens Ditch									
Archuleta Ditch									
Tuley									
Hammond	3900	2.5	9751	2402	12153	0	0	12153	
Animas River	15600	2.18	33942	6801	40743	0	0	40743	
Includes									
Echo Ditch									
Farmington Glade									
La Plata River	4500	2.23	10063	1931	11993	45	5397	6596	
Farmers Mutual Ditch	3800	2.45	9324	1719	11043	0	0	11043	
Jewett Valley Ditch	1200	2.56	3072	584	3655	0	0	3655	
Fruitland-Cambridge	3335	2.32	7735	1392	9127	0	0	9127	
Hogback-Cudde	8830	2.42	21363	3844	25208	0	0	25208	
Chaco R. Local	4200	2.08	8757	1680	10437	50	5294	5294	
Chaco River	4200	2.08	8757	1680	10437	50	5185	5185	
Crystal	300	2.59	776	140	916	50	458	458	
Crystal	300	2.33	699	126	824		472	472	
Total Basin	50065	2.28	144084	22344	136437		14849	126388	
		2.28	144084	22358	136534		1403	125493	

Notes: No allata yield function, 1929-2003 weather data, 2003-2004(avg) crop mix, baseline acres, 2004 irrigation method distribution, incidental depletion = 18% flood, 25% sprinkler, 5% drip

Notes: Water right acres HB/FP

DRAFT - Chaco River Area Split

Area	Acres (ac)	Average CIR (in)	Crop CU (af)	Incidental Depletions (af)	Total Depletions (af)	Shortages (%)	Shortages (af)	Shorted Depletions (af)
San Juan Basin Depletions - Modified Biway-Ciridae USBR Effective Rainfall								
Pine River	600	1.88	1128	214	1342	0	0	1342
Dulce-Jicarilla	300	1.08	324	58	382	0	0	382
Armas River	15000	2.08	31184	6238	37422	0	0	37422
Above Arizulata	27	2.4	65	12	77	0	0	77
Citizens Ditch	3233	2.12	6839	1461	8300	0	0	8300
Arizulata Ditch	40	2.4	96	24	120	0	0	120
Turkey	200	2.32	465	87	552	0	0	552
Hammond	3900	2.43	9471	2333	11804	0	0	11804
Echo Ditch	500	2.28	1131	237	1369	0	0	1369
Upper La Plata	200	2.2	438	100	540	45	243	297
La Plata	4300	2.16	9267	1762	11029	45	4963	6066
Chaco River (Newark) 345	345	2.15	7102	1294	8395	50	4178	4178
Chaco River (Farmington) 2200	2200	2.04	8553	1566	10111	50	5065	5065
Chaco River (Farmington) 50	50	1.80	1617	291	1908	50	954	954
Farmington Glade	100	2.37	237	48	283	0	0	283
Farmers Mutual Ditch	3600	2.39	9064	1671	10735	0	0	10735
Jewell Valley	1200	2.49	2993	569	3562	0	0	3562
Fullland	3235	2.26	7321	1318	8639	0	0	8639
Hogback East	2000	2.35	4708	849	5558	0	0	5558
Cambridge	100	2.24	224	40	264	0	0	264
Hogback West	6430	2.37	15214	2736	17950	0	0	17950
Cudde	400	2.43	973	175	1148	0	0	1148
Crystal (Mishakey Cr.)	300	2.53	760	137	896	50	448	448
Crystal (Mishakey Cr.)	345	2.53	875	151	1026	50	513	513
Total Basin	50065	2.21	134959	24827	159786	50	10756	121421
Notes: No alfalfa yield function, 1929-2003 weather data, 2003-2004 (avg) crop mix, baseline acres, 2004 irrigation method distribution, incidental depletion = 18% flood, 25% sprinkler, 5% drip								

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San Juan Basin Depletions - Modified Blaney-Childie USBR Effective Rainfall									
Area	Acres (ac)	Average CIR (in)	Crop CU (af)	Incidental Depletions (af)	Total Depletions (af)	Shortages (%)	Shortages (af)	Shorted Depletions (af)	
Combined Areas									
Above Navajo Dam	900	1.81	1452	272	1724	0	0	1724	
Upper San Juan	3500	2.14	7465	1584	9049	0	0	9049	
Includes Above Archuleta Citizens Ditch Archuleta Ditch Turkey									
Hammond	3900	2.43	9471	2333	11804	0	0	11804	
Animas River	15600	2.09	32552	6523	39084	0	0	39084	
Includes Frio Ditch Farmington Glade									
La Plata River	4500	2.16	9706	1862	11568	45	6206	6363	
Farmers Mutual Ditch	3800	2.39	9084	1671	10735	0	0	10735	
Jewett Valley Ditch	1200	2.49	2993	689	3582	0	0	3582	
Fruitland-Cambridge	3335	2.26	7545	1358	8903	0	0	8903	
Hopback-Cudde	8830	2.37	20895	3760	24656	0	0	24656	
Chaco R. Local	4200	2.08	8533	1585	10118	50	5152	5667	
Crystal	300	2.53	760	121	881	50	446	446	
Crystal	300	2.35	675	121	796		378	378	
Total Basin	50065	2.21	119456	24627	132083		10710	121373	
		2.21	110537	21638	132175		10756	121419	

Notes: No alfalfa yield function, 1929-2003 weather data, 2003-2004 (avg) crop mix, baseline acres, 2004 irrigation method distribution, incidental depletion = 18% flood, 25% sprinkler, 5% drip

Notes: Water right acres HB/FP

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(Sundt applied to the ditch)

San Juan Basin Depletions - Modified Blaney-Criddle SCS Effective Rainfall										
Area	Acres (ac)	Average CIR (in)	Crop CU (af)	Incidental Depletions (af)	Total Depletions (af)	Shortages (%)	Shortages (af)	Shorted Depletions (af)		
Pine River	600	1.99	1191	226	1417	0	0	1417		
Dulce-Jicarilla	300	1.21	363	65	428	0	0	428		
Animas River	15000	2.17	32527	6506	39033	0	0	39033		
Above Archuleta	27	2.48	67	12	79	0	0	79		
Citizens Ditch	3233	2.19	7079	1512	8591	0	0	8591		
Archuleta Ditch	40	2.48	99	25	124	0	0	124		
Turkey	200	2.41	482	90	572	0	0	572		
Hammond	3900	2.5	9751	2402	12153	0	0	12153		
Echo Ditch	500	2.34	1169	245	1414	0	0	1414		
Upper La Plata	200	2.28	456	104	560	45	252	308		
La Plata	4300	2.23	9607	1827	11433	45	5145	6288		
Chico River	4200	2.09	8785	1600	10385	50	5193	5193		
Farrington Grade	100	2.46	246	50	296	0	0	296		
Farmers Mutual Ditch	3800	2.45	9324	1719	11043	0	0	11043		
Jewett Valley	1200	2.56	3072	584	3655	0	0	3655		
Fruitland	3235	2.32	7505	1351	8856	0	0	8856		
Hogback East	2000	2.41	4814	868	5683	0	0	5683		
Cambridge	100	2.3	230	41	271	0	0	271		
Hogback West	6430	2.42	15562	2797	18349	0	0	18349		
Cudde	400	2.49	997	179	1176	0	0	1176		
Crystal (Whiskey Ck)	300	2.59	778	140	918	50	459	459		
Total Basin	60065	2.28	114094	22343	136437		11049	125388		

Notes: No alfalfa yield function, 1929-2003 weather data, 2003-2004(avg) crop mix, baseline acres, 2004 irrigation method distribution, incidental depletion = 18% flood, 25% sprinkler, 5% drip
 Notes: Water right acres HB/FP

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San Juan Basin Depletions - Modified Blaney-Criddle SCS Effective Rainfall												
Area	Acres (ac)	Average CIR (in)	Crop CU (af)	Incidental Depletions (af)	Total Depletions (af)	Shortages (%)	Shortages (af)	Shorted Depletions (af)				
Combined Areas												
Above Navajo Dam	900	1.73	1854	292	1845	0	0	1845				
Upper San Juan	3500	2.21	7727	1639	9366	0	0	9366				
Includes												
? Atchulela												
? zena Ditch												
? Jeta Ditch												
? Turkey												
Hammond	3900	2.5	9751	2402	12153	0	0	12153				
Animas River	15600	2.18	33942	6801	40743	0	0	40743				
Includes												
Echo Ditch												
Bloti Glade												
La Plata River	4500	2.23	10063	1931	11993	45	5397	6596				
Farmers Mutual Ditch	3800	2.45	9324	1719	11043	0	0	11043				
Jewett Valley Ditch	1200	2.56	3072	584	3655	0	0	3655				
Fruithland-Cambridge	3335	2.32	7735	1392	9127	0	0	9127				
Hogback-Cudde	8830	2.42	21363	3844	25208	0	0	25208				
Chaco River	4200	2.09	8785	1600	10386	50	5193	5193				
Crystal	300	2.59	778	140	918	50	459	459				
Total Basin	50065	2.28	114094	22344	136437		11049	125388				
Notes: No alfalfa yield function, 1929-2003 weather data, 2003-2004 (avg) crop mix, baseline acres, 2004 irrigation method distribution, incidental depletion = 18% flood, 25% sprinkler, 5% drip												
Notes: Water right acres HB/FP												

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San Juan Basin Depletions - Modified Blaney-Criddle USBR Effective Rainfall										
Area	Acres (ac)	Average CIR (in)	Crop CU (a)	Incidental Depletions (a)	Total Depletions (a)	Shortages (%)	Shortages (a)	Shorted Depletions (a)		
Pine River	600	1.88	1128	214	1342	0	0	1342		
Duice-Jicarilla	300	1.08	324	58	382	0	0	382		
Animas River	15000	2.08	31184	6238	37422	0	0	37422		
Above Archuleta	27	2.4	65	12	77	0	0	77		
Citizens Ditch	3233	2.12	6839	1461	8300	0	0	8300		
Archuleta Ditch	40	2.4	96	24	120	0	0	120		
Tuley	200	2.32	465	87	552	0	0	552		
Hammond	3900	2.43	9471	2333	11804	0	0	11804		
Echo Ditch	500	2.26	1131	237	1368	0	0	1368		
Upper La Plata	200	2.2	439	100	540	45	243	297		
La Plata	4300	2.16	9287	1782	11029	45	4993	6068		
Chaco River	4200	2.04	8553	1538	10111	50	5056	5056		
Farrington Glade	100	2.37	237	48	293	0	0	293		
Farmers Mutual Ditch	3800	2.39	9084	1871	10735	0	0	10735		
Lewett Valley	1200	2.49	2933	569	3562	0	0	3562		
Fruitland	3235	2.26	7321	1318	8639	0	0	8639		
Hogback East	2000	2.35	4708	849	5558	0	0	5558		
Cambridge	100	2.24	224	40	264	0	0	264		
Hogback West	6430	2.37	15214	2736	17950	0	0	17950		
Cudde	400	2.43	973	175	1148	0	0	1148		
Crystal (Whiskey Ck.)	300	2.53	760	137	896	50	448	448		
Total Basin	50065	2.21	110466	21627	132093		10710	121383		

Notes: No alluvia yield function, 1929-2003 weather data, 2003-2004 (avg) crop mix, baseline acres, 2004 irrigation method distribution, incidental depletion = 13% food, 25% sprinkler, 5% drip

Notes: Water right acres HB/FP

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San Juan Basin Depletions - Modified Blaney-Criddle USBR Effective Rainfall										
Area	Acres (ac)	Average CIR (in)	Crop CU (af)	Incidental Depletions (af)	Total Depletions (af)	Shortages (%)	Shortages (af)	Shorted Depletions (af)		
Combined Areas										
Above Navajo Dam	900	1.61	1452	272	1724	0	0	1724		
Upper San Juan	3600	2.14	7485	1584	9049	0	0	9049		
Includes										
Archuleta										
Zans Ditch										
Juleta Ditch										
Tuley										
Hammond	3900	2.43	9471	2333	11804	0	0	11804		
Aznias River	15600	2.09	32552	6523	39084	0	0	39084		
Includes										
Echo Ditch										
Iron Glade										
La Plata River	4500	2.16	9708	1862	11569	45	5206	6363		
Farmers Mutual Ditch	3800	2.39	9084	1671	10735	0	0	10735		
Jewett Valley Ditch	1200	2.49	2993	569	3562	0	0	3562		
Fruitland-Cambridge	3335	2.26	7545	1358	8903	0	0	8903		
Hogback-Cudde	8630	2.37	20895	3760	24656	0	0	24656		
Chaco River	4200	2.04	8553	1538	10111	50	5056	5056		
Crystal	300	2.53	760	137	896	50	448	448		
Total Basin	60065	2.21	110456	21627	132093		10710	121383		

Notes: No alfalfa yield function, 1929-2003 weather data, 2003-2004 (avg) crop mix, baseline acres, 2004 irrigation method distribution, incidental depletion = 18% flood, 25% sprinkler, 5% drip

10.59
 21280
 3570
 117.1

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Upper Colorado River System – Consumptive Uses and Losses Comparisons 1976-1980

The NM Interstate Stream Commission did a study to duplicate the consumptive use obtained in the "Colorado River System Consumptive Uses and Losses Report 1976-1980", (CU+L), which used the Modified Blaney-Criddle method, and compare those numbers to consumptive use values obtained with the Original Blaney-Criddle computation method. This report explains the assumptions and calculations made in duplicating the CU+L report, and the assumptions and calculations made with the Original Blaney-Criddle method.

Back-up data exists for the 1976-1980 CU+L report for the Upper Colorado River. This data consists of a Technical Appendix, which contains sections detailing calculations for the water use categories, and the Irrigation Consumptive Use report, which contains copies of the printouts from the consumptive use calculations.

The Upper Colorado River Basin was divided into 64 smaller subareas, which followed state and hydrologic boundaries. For the purpose of this ISC study, we used the same subareas and did separate studies for each of the four upper basin states, New Mexico, Wyoming, Utah, and Colorado. The ISC has a Fortran computer program that can calculate consumptive use and CIR's for up to 20 geographic regions, using up to 20 weather stations and up to 30 crops. The state of Colorado had 32 subareas and so for computation purposes, Colorado was split into three areas by river basin (Green, Upper Colorado mainstem, and San Juan), and then summed for a state total. The Fortran program will compute consumptive use with either the Original Blaney-Criddle or the Modified Blaney-Criddle methods.

In the 1976-1980 CU+L report, a representative climate station was selected for each subarea. The printout copies show the weather data (temperature, precipitation, and frost dates) that were used in the CU+L computations. Since the objective was to duplicate the CU+L report, these values were input as weather data into the Fortran model. CU+L frost dates were the last spring 28 degree day, the first fall 32 degree day, and the first fall 28 degree day.

The method used to compute consumptive use in the 1976-1980 CU+L report was the Modified Blaney-Criddle method, as described in the Soil Conservation Service Technical Release No. 21, "Irrigation Water Requirements", revised September 1970. This same method was used in the ISC Fortran program to compute consumptive use. Irrigated acres and crop types were taken from the CU+L printout copies and input as crop acreage and crop type data into the Fortran model. A substantial number of crop acres in the upper basin are alfalfa and pasture which is subject to a shortage nearly every year. These acres were shorted based upon the CU+L printout growing seasons. The CU+L report had growing season stop dates based on streamflow hydrographs and an assumed irrigation cutoff date. A start date and end date with corresponding length of growing season and appropriate crop type was input into the ISC program.

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CIR's in the CU+L report were obtained by subtracting the effective precipitation from the consumptive use. Effective precipitation in the CU+L report was obtained by using the method in the U.S. Department of Agriculture, Agricultural Research Service, Technical Bulletin No. 1275. This method is also known as the USBR method. This same method of determining effective precipitation was used in the ISC study to duplicate the CU+L results.

Comparing the ISC Fortran program results and the CU+L results showed a very close reproduction of the CU+L results. Differences between the two outputs were 0.6% or less, as shown in Table 1., Upper Colorado Basin CU+L Comparisons (Average 1976-1980).

Once the duplication of the CU+L results was completed, the ISC wanted to compare those numbers to results using the Original Blaney-Criddle method. The Original Blaney-Criddle method used is as described in NMSU Agricultural Experiment Station Bulletin 531, "Consumptive Irrigation Requirements of Selected Irrigated Areas in New Mexico". The appropriate crop coefficients listed in the bulletin were used in the ISC study with the Original Blaney-Criddle method.

The Original Blaney-Criddle method, published in 1950, did not include a method for calculating effective precipitation, but Blaney in 1962 adopted the USBR method. This method was used in the ISC study.

The crop types, irrigated acres, and weather data were kept the same as was used in the CU+L report so the only difference was the consumptive use calculation method. The results are shown in Table 1.

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Table 1.				
Upper Colorado Basin CU+L Comparisons (Average 1976-1980)				
State	CU + L (acre-feet)	Modified Blaney- Criddle (af) USBR rainfall	Original Blaney- Criddle (af) USBR rainfall	Modified USBR/ Original USBR
New Mexico	92207	92674	85557	1.06
Wyoming	196712	197073	223787	0.92
Utah	367978	369571	386963	0.99
Colorado				
Green River	88398	88920	97353	0.94
Upper Mainstem	710948	716953	743641	0.93
San Juan	138566	139131	149963	0.92
Total Colorado	937912	945004	990957	0.95

San Juan River Basin 1929-1970 Weather, ISC Trend acres, crop mix							
Modified Blaney-Criddle, SCS Effective Precipitation							
Basin Total (no La Plata, Chaco, Crystal)							
YEAR	ACRES	CROP		YEAR			
		WEIGHTED CIR (FT)	CROP CU FULL SUPPLY (AF)				
1929	25668	1.75	44942				
1930	25748	1.87	48250				
1931	25829	1.93	49784				
1932	25912	1.83	47403				
1933	25992	1.93	50249				
1934	26073	1.98	51632				
1935	26155	1.83	47774				
1936	26235	1.98	51890				
1937	25918	1.98	51210				
1938	26408	1.91	50454	1938	6737	0.97	6538
1939	27034	2.15	58178	1939	6795	1.10	7447
1940	27832	2.05	57018	1940	7301	1.03	7501
1941	28630	1.64	46972	1941	7804	0.81	6322
1942	27961	2.10	58854	1942	8310	1.06	8812
1943	28855	2.11	60918	1943	8814	1.07	9468
1944	29323	2.00	58527	1944	9318	1.02	9506
1945	29602	2.06	60844	1945	9824	1.05	10284
1946	30131	2.05	61901	1946	9777	1.04	10149
1947	30692	1.85	56764	1947	9734	0.96	9329
1948	30770	1.96	60264	1948	9694	0.98	9465
1949	30681	1.94	59433	1949	9654	0.96	9253
1950	31597	2.27	71835	1950	9613	1.11	10669
1951	31532	2.20	69234	1951	9572	1.11	10661
1952	31792	2.27	72064	1952	9531	1.13	10767
1953	32087	2.23	71688	1953	9490	1.15	10927
1954	31864	2.21	70529	1954	9449	1.13	10687
1955	31639	2.14	67736	1955	9408	1.09	10251
1956	32520	2.38	77315	1956	9368	1.20	11244
1957	33447	1.84	61633	1957	9327	0.93	8634
1958	30001	2.32	69576	1958	9285	1.17	10821
1959	31051	2.29	71057	1959	9245	1.16	10741
1960	31823	2.48	79047	1960	9204	1.25	11473
1961	31459	2.28	71758	1961	9163	1.10	10052
1962	33120	2.39	79210	1962	9123	1.20	10929
1963	33954	2.48	84084	1963	9082	1.25	11321
1964	35266	2.26	79586	1964	9040	1.13	10171
1965	35900	1.95	69980	1965	9000	0.89	8027
1966	34490	2.57	88629	1966	8806	1.30	11409
1967	33137	2.26	74998	1967	8613	1.15	9946
1968	31781	2.12	67390	1968	8418	1.07	9034
1969	30569	2.12	64675	1969	8224	1.10	9063
1970	29155	2.13	62173	1970	8031	1.08	8636
AVERAGE	29991	2.11	63273	AVERAGE	7978	1.07	8522

DRAFT

San Juan River Basin 1929-1970 Weather, ISC Trend acres, crop mix				
Modified Blaney-Criddle, SCS Effective Precipitation				
Basin Total including shorted La Plata, Chaco, Crystal				
		CROP	CROP	
		WEIGHTED	CU	
YEAR	ACRES	CIR (FT)	(AF)	
=====	=====	=====	=====	
1929	29372	1.64	48113	
1930	29452	1.75	51674	
1931	29685	1.80	53368	
1932	29921	1.71	51197	
1933	30153	1.80	54257	
1934	30387	1.84	56007	
1935	31074	1.68	52321	
1936	31760	1.81	57477	
1937	32050	1.78	57114	
1938	33145	1.72	56992	
1939	33829	1.94	65625	
1940	35133	1.84	64519	
1941	36434	1.46	53294	
1942	36271	1.87	67666	
1943	37669	1.87	70386	
1944	38641	1.76	68033	
1945	39426	1.80	71128	
1946	39908	1.81	72050	
1947	40426	1.63	66093	
1948	40464	1.72	69729	
1949	40335	1.70	68686	
1950	41210	2.00	82504	
1951	41104	1.94	79895	
1952	41323	2.00	82831	
1953	41577	1.99	82615	
1954	41313	1.97	81216	
1955	41047	1.90	77987	
1956	41888	2.11	88559	
1957	42774	1.64	70267	
1958	39286	2.05	80397	
1959	40296	2.03	81798	
1960	41027	2.21	90520	
1961	40622	2.01	81810	
1962	42243	2.13	90139	
1963	43036	2.22	95405	
1964	44306	2.03	89757	
1965	44900	1.74	78007	
1966	43296	2.31	100038	
1967	41750	2.03	84944	
1968	40199	1.90	76424	
1969	38793	1.90	73738	
1970	37186	1.90	70809	
AVERAGE	37969	1.89	71795	

DRAFT

San Juan River Basin 1929-1970 Weather, ISC Trend acres, crop mix							
Modified Blaney-Criddle, USBR Effective Precipitation							
Basin Total (no La Plata, Chaco, Crystal)				La Plata (45% shortage)+Chaco, Crystal (50% shortage)			
YEAR	ACRES	CROP	CROP	YEAR	ACRES	CROP	CROP
		WEIGHTED	CU FULL			WEIGHTED	CU SHORTED
		CIR (FT)	SUPPLY (AF)			CIR (FT)	SUPPLY (AF)
1929	25651	1.69	43235	1929	3706	0.83	3059
1930	25731	1.82	46905	1930	3706	0.91	3356
1931	25812	1.85	47780	1931	3858	0.88	3392
1932	25895	1.77	45709	1932	4011	0.91	3631
1933	25975	1.86	48326	1933	4163	0.92	3829
1934	26056	1.91	49840	1934	4316	0.97	4179
1935	26138	1.73	45184	1935	4921	0.86	4224
1936	26218	1.89	49678	1936	5527	0.95	5250
1937	25901	1.89	49075	1937	6134	0.90	5537
1938	26408	1.81	47712	1938	6737	0.90	6039
1939	27034	2.07	56044	1939	6795	1.03	7000
1940	27832	1.95	54388	1940	7301	0.96	6977
1941	28630	1.50	42815	1941	7804	0.71	5532
1942	27961	2.02	56511	1942	8310	0.99	8237
1943	28855	2.02	58153	1943	8814	1.00	8840
1944	29323	1.90	55833	1944	9318	0.95	8857
1945	29602	1.98	58550	1945	9824	0.98	9673
1946	30131	1.97	59252	1946	9777	0.97	9457
1947	30692	1.72	52739	1947	9734	0.87	8470
1948	30770	1.84	56733	1948	9694	0.89	8671
1949	30681	1.82	55752	1949	9654	0.87	8404
1950	31597	2.20	69381	1950	9613	1.04	9984
1951	31532	2.12	66698	1951	9572	1.05	10032
1952	31792	2.18	69168	1952	9531	1.05	10050
1953	32087	2.15	69009	1953	9490	1.08	10283
1954	31864	2.12	67659	1954	9449	1.06	9986
1955	31639	2.06	65333	1955	9408	1.02	9633
1956	32520	2.31	75122	1956	9368	1.14	10671
1957	33447	1.71	57265	1957	9327	0.84	7790
1958	30001	2.22	66475	1958	9285	1.08	10057
1959	31051	2.18	67542	1959	9245	1.07	9909
1960	31823	2.37	75533	1960	9204	1.16	10667
1961	31459	2.19	68837	1961	9163	1.02	9343
1962	33120	2.30	76024	1962	9123	1.11	10138
1963	33954	2.39	81277	1963	9082	1.17	10633
1964	35266	2.17	76623	1964	9040	1.05	9515
1965	35900	1.81	65124	1965	8700	0.83	7210
1966	34490	2.49	85958	1966	8514	1.26	10764
1967	33137	2.18	72333	1967	8331	1.12	9328
1968	31781	2.03	64410	1968	8144	1.03	8375
1969	30569	2.01	61594	1969	7958	1.06	8443
1970	29155	2.04	59380	1970	7773	1.02	7967
AVERAGE	29988	2.02	60499	AVERAGE	7939	1.00	7938

DRAFT

San Juan River Basin 1929-1970 Weather, ISC Trend acres, crop mix							
Original Blaney-Criddle, USBR Effective Precipitation							
Basin Total (no La Plata, Chaco, Crystal)				La Plata (45% shortage)+Chaco, Crystal (50% shortage)			
YEAR	ACRES	CROP	CROP	YEAR	ACRES	CROP	CROP
		WEIGHTED	CU FULL			WEIGHTED	CU SHORTED
		CIR (FT)	SUPPLY (AF)			CIR (FT)	SUPPLY (AF)
=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====	=====
1929	25651	1.41	36215	1929	3706	0.69	2545
1930	25731	1.64	42103	1930	3706	0.88	3269
1931	25812	1.59	41168	1931	3894	0.77	3002
1932	25895	1.50	38744	1932	4081	0.79	3242
1933	25975	1.65	42957	1933	4268	0.87	3693
1934	26056	1.61	41883	1934	4456	0.81	3617
1935	26138	1.53	40006	1935	5096	0.78	3984
1936	26218	1.65	43300	1936	5737	0.84	4803
1937	25901	1.63	42264	1937	6379	0.79	5012
1938	26408	1.64	43317	1938	7018	0.84	5866
1939	27034	1.83	49467	1939	7110	0.93	6608
1940	27832	1.74	48291	1940	7651	0.86	6577
1941	28630	1.32	37696	1941	8189	0.64	5240
1942	27961	1.83	51201	1942	8729	0.91	7929
1943	28855	1.80	51926	1943	9269	0.92	8497
1944	29323	1.79	52565	1944	9808	0.92	8980
1945	29602	1.75	51840	1945	10349	0.85	8817
1946	30131	1.75	52852	1946	10286	0.87	8941
1947	30692	1.59	48675	1947	10237	0.84	8620
1948	30770	1.72	52858	1948	10122	0.86	8695
1949	30681	1.75	53810	1949	10144	0.87	8866
1950	31597	2.03	64095	1950	10254	0.98	10069
1951	31532	1.89	59544	1951	10007	0.96	9653
1952	31792	1.97	62631	1952	9996	0.93	9267
1953	32087	1.95	62424	1953	9953	1.00	9958
1954	31864	1.87	59691	1954	9925	0.92	9119
1955	31639	1.86	58994	1955	9819	0.92	9014
1956	32520	2.08	67744	1956	9842	1.04	10200
1957	33447	1.65	55132	1957	9673	0.84	8100
1958	30001	2.06	61677	1958	9794	1.00	9833
1959	31051	1.92	59487	1959	9675	0.95	9203
1960	31823	2.11	67024	1960	9648	1.02	9869
1961	31459	1.96	61559	1961	9583	0.89	8520
1962	33120	2.11	69772	1962	9584	1.02	9740
1963	33954	2.17	73795	1963	9492	1.06	10080
1964	35266	2.04	71978	1964	9387	1.00	9343
1965	35900	1.67	59777	1965	8700	0.76	6647
1966	34490	2.31	79510	1966	8517	1.17	9938
1967	33137	2.05	67849	1967	8338	1.05	8741
1968	31781	1.86	59117	1968	8153	0.93	7592
1969	30569	1.87	57198	1969	7969	0.97	7763
1970	29155	1.86	54100	1970	7785	0.93	7254
AVERAGE	29988	1.82	54672	AVERAGE	8246	0.91	7541

DRAFT

San Juan River Basin 1929-1970 Weather, ISC Trend acres, crop mix				
Original Blaney-Criddle, USBR Effective Precipitation				
Basin Total including shorted La Plata, Chaco, Crystal				
		CROP	CROP	
		WEIGHTED	CU	
YEAR	ACRES	CIR (FT)	(AF)	
=====	=====	=====	=====	
1929	29357	1.32	38760	
1930	29437	1.54	45372	
1931	29706	1.49	44170	
1932	29976	1.40	41986	
1933	30243	1.54	46650	
1934	30512	1.49	45500	
1935	31234	1.41	43990	
1936	31955	1.51	48103	
1937	32280	1.46	47276	
1938	33426	1.47	49183	
1939	34144	1.64	56075	
1940	35483	1.55	54868	
1941	36819	1.17	42936	
1942	36690	1.61	59130	
1943	38124	1.58	60423	
1944	39131	1.57	61545	
1945	39951	1.52	60657	
1946	40417	1.53	61793	
1947	40929	1.40	57295	
1948	40892	1.51	61553	
1949	40825	1.54	62676	
1950	41851	1.77	74164	
1951	41539	1.67	69197	
1952	41788	1.72	71898	
1953	42040	1.72	72382	
1954	41789	1.65	68810	
1955	41458	1.64	68008	
1956	42362	1.84	77944	
1957	43120	1.47	63232	
1958	39795	1.80	71510	
1959	40726	1.69	68690	
1960	41471	1.85	76893	
1961	41042	1.71	70079	
1962	42704	1.86	79512	
1963	43446	1.93	83875	
1964	44653	1.82	81321	
1965	44600	1.49	66424	
1966	43007	2.08	89448	
1967	41475	1.85	76590	
1968	39934	1.67	66709	
1969	38538	1.69	64961	
1970	36940	1.66	61354	
AVERAGE	38234	1.63	62213	

REVISED DRAFT

Year	San Juan Basin 1965 crop mix, 1965 acres, 1929-1970 weather data SUMMARY		Modified Blaney-Criddle-USBR effective precipitation		Short Supply / year	La Plata, Chaco, Crystal		Modified Blaney-Criddle	
	acres	CU	Basin CIR	CU		Full CU	Short CU	Short CU	Short Basin CIR
1929	35900	68751	1.92		1929	18892	8830	0.98	
1930	35900	73138	2.04		1930	17707	9281	1.03	
1931	35900	73823	2.06		1931	17609	9225	1.03	
1932	35900	71893	2.00		1932	17688	9272	1.03	
1933	35900	74671	2.08		1933	17859	9362	1.04	
1934	35900	76647	2.14		1934	18608	9762	1.08	
1935	35900	69682	1.94		1935	17106	8944	0.99	
1936	35900	76027	2.12		1936	18023	9454	1.05	
1937	35900	77208	2.15		1937	17368	9092	1.01	
1938	35900	72572	2.02		1938	17349	9060	1.01	
1939	35900	79875	2.22		1939	18975	9988	1.11	
1940	35900	76631	2.13		1940	17929	9392	1.04	
1941	35900	56753	1.58		1941	13442	7018	0.78	
1942	35900	78725	2.19		1942	18659	9801	1.09	
1943	35900	79054	2.20		1943	18857	9898	1.10	
1944	35900	75211	2.10		1944	17776	9315	1.03	
1945	35900	78654	2.19		1945	18435	9688	1.07	
1946	35900	78427	2.18		1946	18233	9581	1.06	
1947	35900	68272	1.90		1947	16317	8555	0.95	
1948	35900	70959	1.98		1948	16484	8650	0.98	
1949	35900	69680	1.94		1949	15989	8385	0.93	
1950	35900	85208	2.37		1950	19231	10099	1.12	
1951	35900	81183	2.26		1951	19248	10101	1.12	
1952	35900	82548	2.30		1952	19377	10160	1.13	
1953	35900	81596	2.27		1953	18669	10425	1.16	
1954	35900	81798	2.28		1954	18480	10239	1.14	
1955	35900	79051	2.20		1955	18811	9873	1.10	
1956	35900	86011	2.45		1956	20868	10982	1.22	
1957	35900	63289	1.76		1957	15191	7970	0.89	
1958	35900	82548	2.30		1958	19709	10348	1.15	
1959	35900	81195	2.28		1959	19501	10240	1.14	
1960	35900	88552	2.47		1960	21045	11058	1.23	
1961	35900	80787	2.25		1961	18528	9723	1.08	
1962	35900	84445	2.35		1962	20154	10565	1.17	
1963	35900	87930	2.45		1963	21214	11130	1.24	
1964	35900	79438	2.21		1964	19049	10001	1.11	
1965	35900	65124	1.81		1965	14328	7516	0.84	
1966	35900	88956	2.48		1966	21244	11141	1.24	
1967	35900	77658	2.16		1967	18668	9890	1.10	
1968	35900	72262	2.01		1968	17306	9083	1.01	
1969	35900	72412	2.02		1969	17772	9347	1.04	
1970	35900	72403	2.02		1970	17229	9047	1.01	
AVERAGE	35900	76738	2.14		AVERAGE	18222	9557	1.08	

RE, D DRAFT

Year	San Juan Basin 1965 crop mix, 1965 acres, 1929-1970 weather data SUMMARY		Modified Blaney-Criddle SCS eff. Precip		Short Supply (La Plata, Chaco, Crystal)	acres	CU	Basin CIR	Short Supply (La Plata, Chaco, Crystal)	CU	Modified Blaney-Criddle		Short Basin CIR
	Basin Wide, Full Supply (no La Plata, Chaco, Crystal)	acres	CU	CU							La Plata=45%shortage, Chaco, Crystal=50%shortage	Short CU	
1929	35900	71234	1.98	1929	9000	17517	9158	1.02					
1930	35900	75054	2.09	1930	9000	18183	9528	1.05					
1931	35900	76770	2.14	1931	9000	18328	9605	1.07					
1932	35900	74119	2.06	1932	9000	18251	9566	1.06					
1933	35900	76979	2.14	1933	9000	18410	9650	1.07					
1934	35900	76780	2.19	1934	9000	19057	9997	1.11					
1935	35900	72731	2.03	1935	9000	17815	9318	1.04					
1936	35900	76480	2.19	1936	9000	18661	9788	1.09					
1937	35900	79504	2.21	1937	9000	17952	9399	1.04					
1938	35900	75637	2.11	1938	9000	18119	9468	1.05					
1939	35900	81989	2.28	1939	9000	19547	10265	1.14					
1940	35900	79235	2.21	1940	9000	18583	9736	1.08					
1941	35900	61396	1.71	1941	9000	14610	7631	0.85					
1942	35900	80982	2.26	1942	9000	19229	10102	1.12					
1943	35900	81460	2.27	1943	9000	19451	10211	1.13					
1944	35900	77460	2.16	1944	9000	18328	9606	1.07					
1945	35900	80289	2.24	1945	9000	18832	9874	1.10					
1946	35900	80486	2.24	1946	9000	18600	9878	1.10					
1947	35900	72129	2.01	1947	9000	17229	9036	1.00					
1948	35900	74098	2.06	1948	9000	17280	9068	1.01					
1949	35900	72864	2.03	1949	9000	16844	8817	0.98					
1950	35900	86760	2.42	1950	9000	19684	10336	1.15					
1951	35900	82980	2.31	1951	9000	19674	10325	1.15					
1952	35900	84819	2.36	1952	9000	19976	10476	1.16					
1953	35900	83873	2.34	1953	9000	20366	10687	1.19					
1954	35900	83959	2.34	1954	9000	20042	10534	1.17					
1955	35900	80806	2.25	1955	9000	19901	10132	1.13					
1956	35900	86524	2.48	1956	9000	21234	11156	1.24					
1957	35900	87384	1.88	1957	9000	16189	8495	0.94					
1958	35900	85043	2.37	1958	9000	20668	10694	1.19					
1959	35900	84221	2.36	1959	9000	20296	10660	1.18					
1960	35900	91579	2.55	1960	9000	21813	11462	1.27					
1961	35900	83182	2.32	1961	9000	19146	10049	1.12					
1962	35900	87065	2.43	1962	9000	20822	10969	1.22					
1963	35900	90046	2.51	1963	9000	21767	11419	1.27					
1964	35900	81756	2.28	1964	9000	19638	10310	1.15					
1965	35900	69338	1.93	1965	9000	15303	8027	0.89					
1966	35900	90842	2.53	1966	9000	21710	11388	1.27					
1967	35900	79662	2.22	1967	9000	19369	10152	1.13					
1968	35900	74767	2.08	1968	9000	17924	9408	1.05					
1969	35900	75096	2.09	1969	9000	18354	9651	1.07					
1970	35900	75068	2.09	1970	9000	17963	9431	1.05					
AVERAGE	35900	79273	2.21	AVERAGE	9000	18659	9893	1.10					

1965 Type I - SCS Upper CO Region, Type I Survey - NM.
Water Resources - Present Water Use - CLR in AF
by evaluation areas and crops. 8/20/68.

SJ - Navajo Dam to 4-Corners - avg. Bloomfield & Shiprock weather
data 1949-66.

AR & LP - Artec Ruins weather data 1921-50.

(LP 54.6% shortage from 1962 USBR
ALP feasibility report, Appendix B).

Navajo, Largo & Pine - Ignacio, CO, weather data 1931-60
(growing seasons on Nav/Pine extended 10 days)

Chaco - Newcomb & Tohatchi avg. 1948-66.
(inc. grass land inv. once in spring).
(~50% overall shortage)

CU & L

Note - carried forward 1965 Inc. Uses % -
5.1% above Navajo Dam, 20.5% SJR ab. Shiprock +
Animas & LP & Chaco.
+5.2% SJR b/l Shiprock & Coyote (See USBR CU&L
Report 1976-1980
Technical Appendix
II Region).

Chaco - Tohatchi

LP & AR - Artec

SJR b/l Shiprock - Shiprock

SJR ab. Shiprock - Shiprock + Bloomfield Average

ab. Nav. Dam - Navajo Dam

Notes in file circa 1949 - (probably John
Erickson)
NM #15

SJR Water consuming channel areas
in NM:

SJR - Rosato & Cousins = 17,630 ac

Pine River = 1,370 ac

AR = 2,384 ac

UPR = 2,256 ac

Stream Depletion Subcommittee, EAC to UCRBCC, Water
Consuming Areas pertinent to stream depletion SJR in NM, circa 1949

Natural riparian veg. areas converted
to irrig. ag. lands:

SJ = 290 ac

UPR = 15 ac

Navigo = 20 ac

Pine = 0 ac

AR = 630 ac

11/12/47 memo from USBR Hydrology Div. to EAC of the
UCRBCC:

evap losses

1. Pine River 2,400 ac (1,370 ac in NM)

AR 2,500 ac (2,384 ac in NM)

UPR 2,256 ac (all in NM)

SJR 18,172 ac in NM

2. evap. rates from rate-elev. curves
times turbulence factor of 1.3

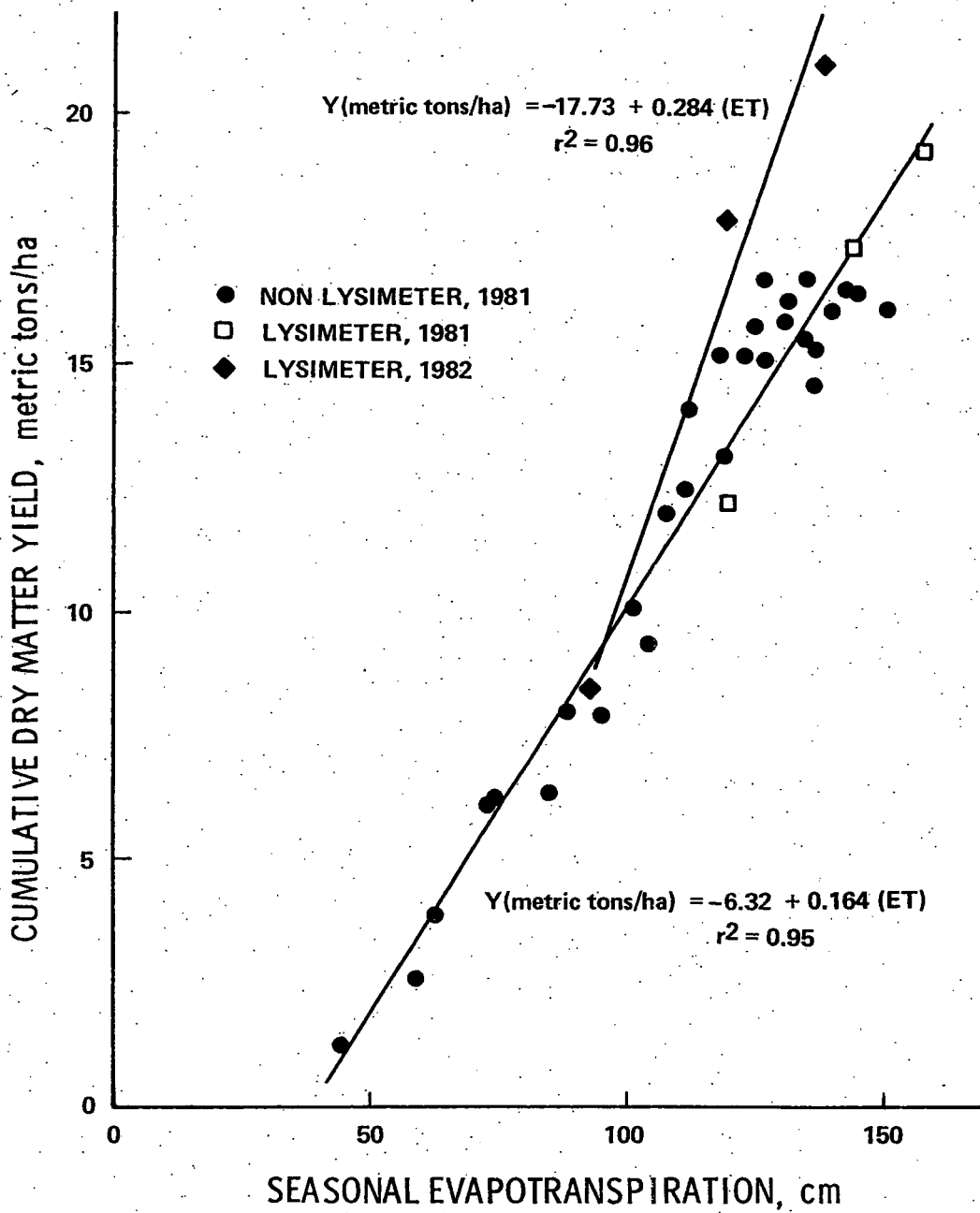


Figure 10. The seasonal cumulative water-production functions of alfalfa, 1981 and 1982.

DRAFT
Alfalfa Crop-production Functions (Farmington)

1982 }
1981 } line source
1976 }
1977 }
— Sammis Eq.

